

# 6G : spectrum and new 3GPP standards roadmap

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5 min  
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# 3GPP NTN technology is being rolled-out

Deployment scenarios	A	B	C	D	E	F
Service	IoT-NTN, Messaging & voice			Broadband		
3GPP NTN RAT	IoT-NTN	IoT-NTN	IoT-NTN	NR-NTN	NR-NTN	NR-NTN
Orbit	GSO	NGSO	NGSO	NGSO	GSO	NGSO
Duplex mode	FDD	FDD	TDD	FDD	FDD	FDD
Payload	Transparent	Transparent/Regenerative			Transparent	Regenerative
Bands	Below 7.125 GHz (e.g. L/S bands)				Above 10 GHz (e.g. Ku/Ka band)	
Targeted devices	IoT & Smartphones (D2D)			Smartphones	Fixed and Mobile VSAT	
Potential SNOs	EchoStar Viasat/Inmarsat Ligado TerreStar Solutions Thuraya	Satellite OQT EchoStar OmniSpace	Iridium	Echostar, MSS-A	Hispasat Intelsat, JSAT, KTSAT, Ovzon Eutelsat Group	SpaceRISE Eutelsat Group

**Earliest service opening  
for each scenario (and  
related 3GPP releases)**



## 6G-NTN: 2 family use cases

- ▶ Satellite **connectivity to smart phones and IoT devices** (D2D) in frequency bands **up to 7.125 GHz**
  - enhanced performances compared to 5G (data rate, coverage, throughput, ..)
  - **Potential new spectrum: e.g. see ITU WRC-2027 AI**
    - › 1.12: New MSS allocations for low data rate NGSO
    - › 1.13: New MSS allocations in certain bands below 2.7 GHz identified for IMT to complement terrestrial coverage (D2C)
    - › 1.14: New MSS allocations
- ▶ Satellite **connectivity to vehicle/building mounted devices** (Flat Panel Antenna) in frequency bands **above 10 GHz** (e.g. Ku, Ka, Q/V band).
  - Terminal (SWAP) adapted to vehicles from the automotive, public safety, transport (aeronautic, railways, drone, maritime), utilities, agriculture and media & entertainment sectors are assumed.
  - **Potential new spectrum: Q/V band**



# NTN in 6G: Service Requirements (via satellite access network)

## Improved user experience

- **Improved service continuity** over the coverage
  - Enhanced NTN/TN mobility/multi connectivity especially in connected mode
- **Improved coverage**
  - Provision of emergency services (at least SMS) via satellite in light indoor/in vehicle conditions
  - Mobility in sub-urban/dense forest (i.e. several hundred ms fading duration)
- **Support of device diversity**
  - Handheld/IoT, vehicle/drone mounted
- **Improved data rate/throughput**

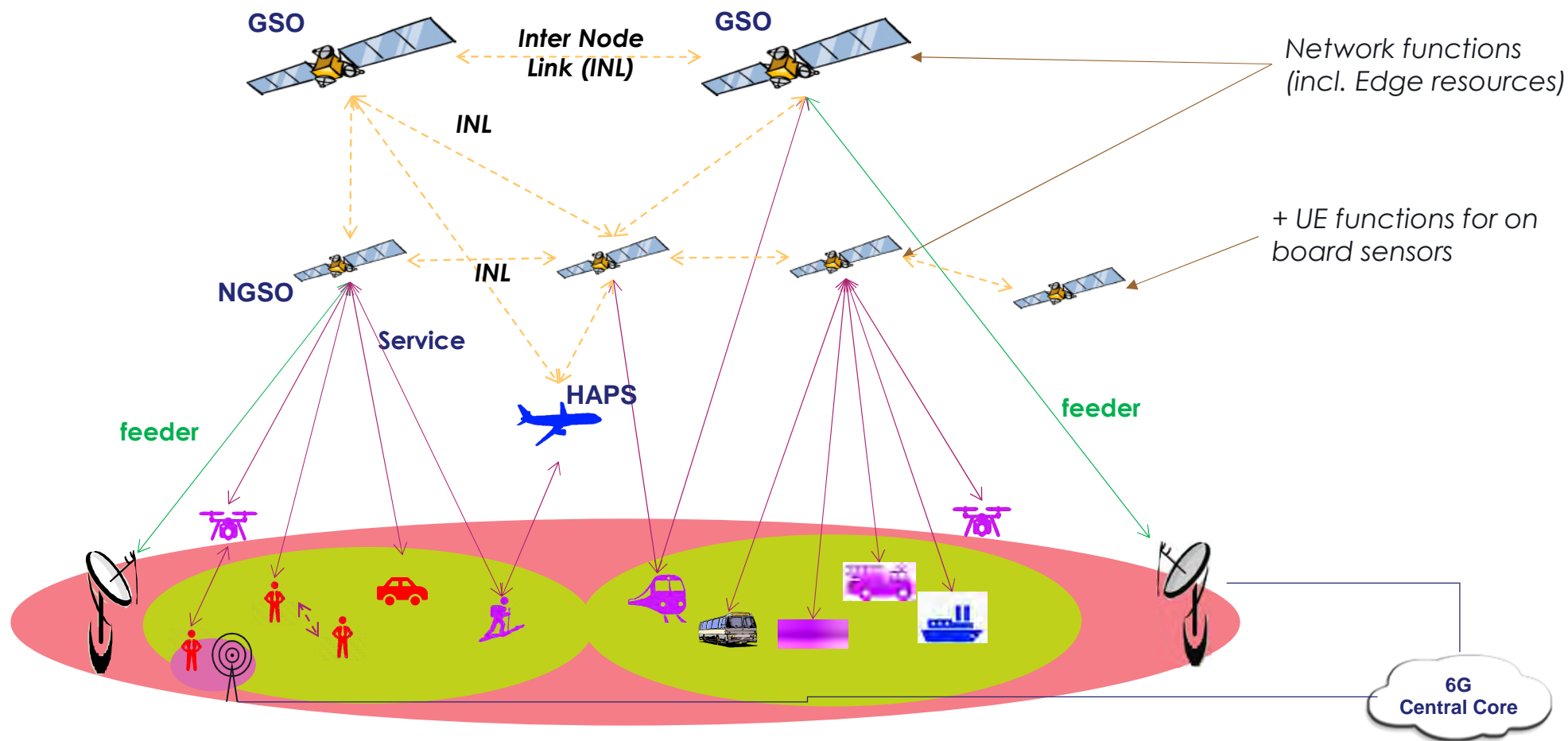
## Improved network capabilities

- **Resiliency**
  - GNSS independent operation (i.e. initial access, ..)
  - GNSS independent capability for the UE to determinate its location
  - Service continuity with respect to temporary failure of a given node (e.g. NGSO, GSO, HAPS, TN node);
  - Fast set-up of an autonomous network over a specific region via satellite(s) and/or HAPS with no or intermittent connectivity to core networks (e.g. for crisis response)
- **Sustainability**: Minimise overall consumption
  - Energy based access network selection: under traffic or zero traffic conditions
- **Overall spectrum usage efficiency**
  - Multi access technology spectrum coexistence (i.e. NTN/TN)

## NTN in 6G: Possible performances

Target service performances	NTN in 5G (As per 3GPP &/or ITU-R IMT2020 satellite requirements)	NTN in 6G
Peak data rate (DL/UL) wrt smartphones & low cost IoT devices	1/0.1 Mbps (Outdoor only) @ up to 3 km/h	Outdoor conditions: Tens of Mbps @ up to 250 km/h Light indoor/in car conditions: At least Short Message Service capability
Peak data rate (DL/UL) wrt Vehicle or drone (flying and surface) mounted devices	[50/25] Mbps @ up to 250 km/h (with 60 cm aperture)	Hundreds of Mbps (Outdoor only) @ up to 250 km/h (with <20 cm equivalent aperture)
Peak data rate (DL/UL) wrt Large Aeronautic, maritime platforms mounted devices	[50/25] Mbps @ up to 1000 km/h	Thousands of Mbps (Outdoor only) @ up to 1200 km/h (with <60 cm equivalent aperture)
Location service (target accuracy and acquisition time) in outdoor conditions only	respectively 1 meter and < 100 seconds (reliability through Network verification)	respectively 100 meter (TBC) @ 95% reliability through RAT dependent positioning method
Coverage	Outdoor only	Maximum Coupling Loss able to address light indoor/In car

# NTN in 6G : 3D Network architecture concept



# Sustainability in NTN for 6G

## > Mega constellation based satellite network:

- › a **LEO space segment** able to provide global coverage but **oversized to meet a peak traffic demand over a specific geographical area** and setting high constraints on the coexistence with other constellations,
- › **satellites with short lifetime** leading to high replacement rate,
- › a relatively **high average power consumption of the terminal** due to continuous tracking of the successive serving satellites.

## > Vs Multi orbit satellite network

### › *space segment level*

- Take advantage of
  - › GEO for broadcast/multicast traffic, and common signalling (e.g. idle mode)
  - › MEO for navigation and broadband traffic
  - › LEO for broadband traffic
- Optimization of
  - › LEO sizing (overall mass to be launched) to the average traffic demand
    - › => off load to MEO or GEO the geographically localized and/or temporary peak traffic demand,
  - › LEO and MEO space segment power and extended lifetime
    - › => Beam deactivation when no traffic demand

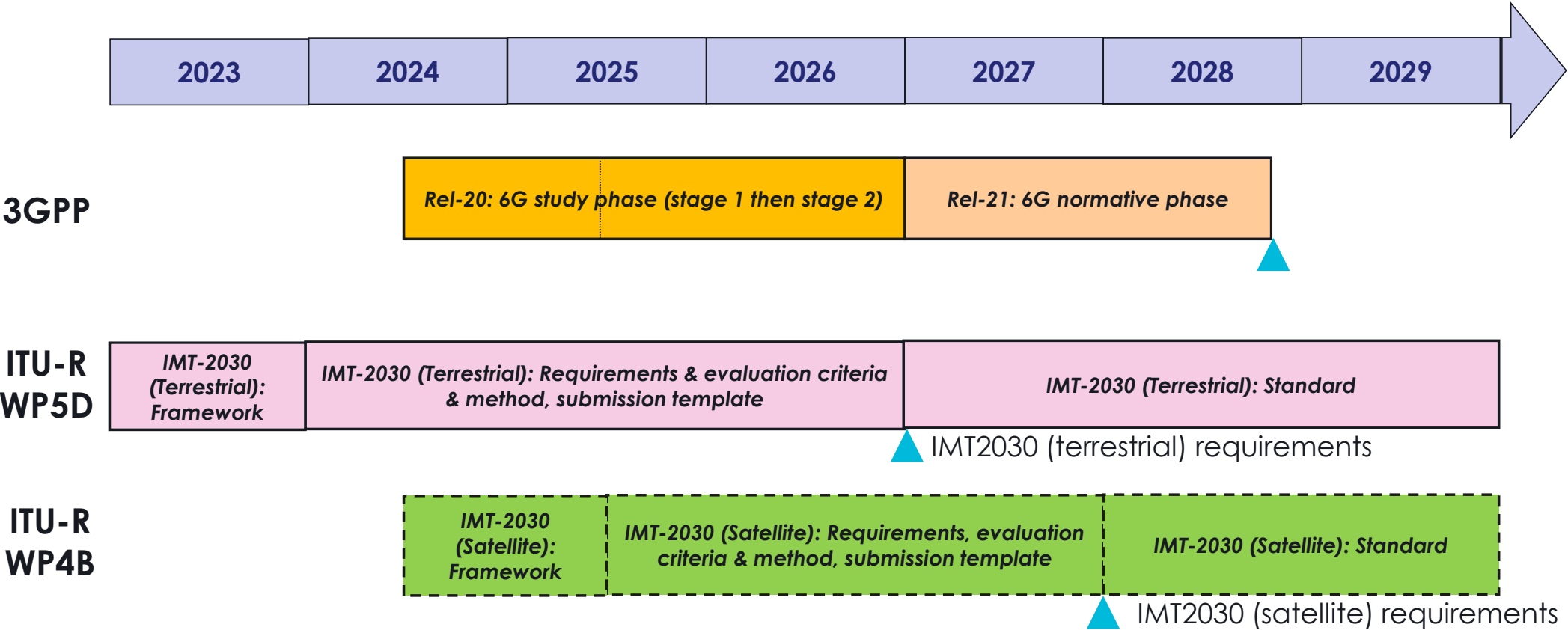
### › *Terminal level*

- Energy saving:
  - › served via the GSO space segment when in idle mode state. (no satellite tracking)



# 6G TN & NTN: 3GPP and ITU-R

TN = Terrestrial Network  
NTN = Non Terrestrial Networks (Satellite, HAPS)



Calendar is driven by the terrestrial component of 6G !





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*Note that*

- the views expressed in this presentation may not necessarily be the ones of Thales Alenia Space*
- Part of the content of this presentation leverages the outcomes of the Horizon Europe 6G-NTN R&D project*

## Some references

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  - <https://www.amazon.co.uk/5G-Non-Terrestrial-Networks-Vanelli-Coralli/dp/1119891159>

