

# Spectrum allocation from a propagation perspective

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# Outline

1. Frequency bands for 5G
2. ITU Working Groups
3. Propagation measurements and models for new and updated ITU recommendations
4. Future plans for 6G frequency bands and propagation studies

# WRC15/WRC19 frequency bands

WRC15 Band (GHz)	Bandwidth (GHz)
<b>24.25-27.5</b>	<b>3.25</b>
<b>31.8-33.4</b>	<b>1.6</b>
<b>37-43.5</b>	<b>6.5</b>
<b>45.5-50.2</b>	<b>4.7</b>
<b>45.5-47, 47.2-48.2</b>	<b>1.5, 1</b>
<b>50.4-52.6</b>	<b>2.4</b>
<b>66-76</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>66-71</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>81-86</b>	<b>5</b>

With 14.75 GHz harmonized worldwide, ~ 85% of global harmonization

# ITU-R Study Group 3

Working Party 3J (WP 3J) - Propagation fundamentals

Working Party 3K (WP 3K) - Point-to-area propagation

Working Party 3M (WP 3M) - Point-to-point and Earth-space  
propagation

# 5G Use Scenarios: outdoor/indoor P2P and P2MP

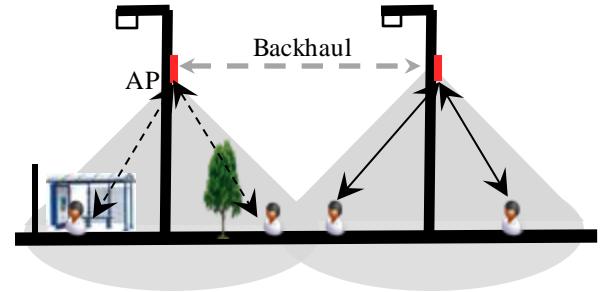
# Use Scenarios: outdoor/indoor



Street canyon



Open square



Backhaul



Shopping mall



Exhibition



Conference room

# ITU-R Study Group 3 Correspondence Groups

**CG 3K-6:** ITU-R P.1238-10 and ITU-R P. 1411-10

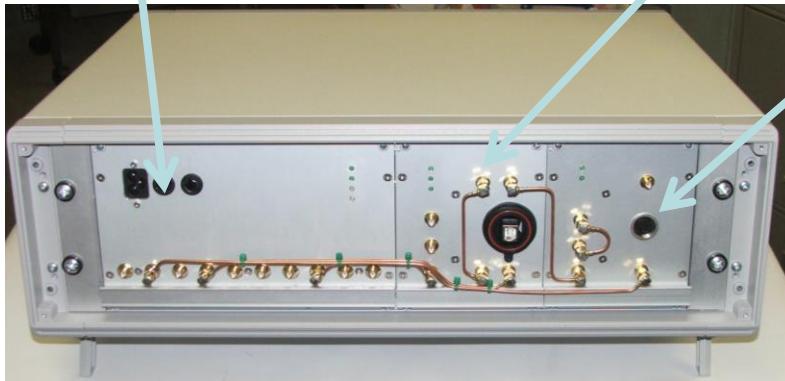
Model harmonization of path loss models (Samsung Korea)

**CG 3J-3K-3M-8:** ITU-R P. 2109-1 Building entry loss model (UK)

**CG 3K-3M-12:** ITU-R P. 2108-0 Clutter loss prediction (Ofcom, Intel)

# Durham Channel Sounder

Rubidium unit    DDS and 2.2-2.95 GHz



4.4-5.9 GHz and  
14.5-16 GHz



**25-30 GHz,  
36-41 GHz  
50-75 GHz  
60-90 GHz**

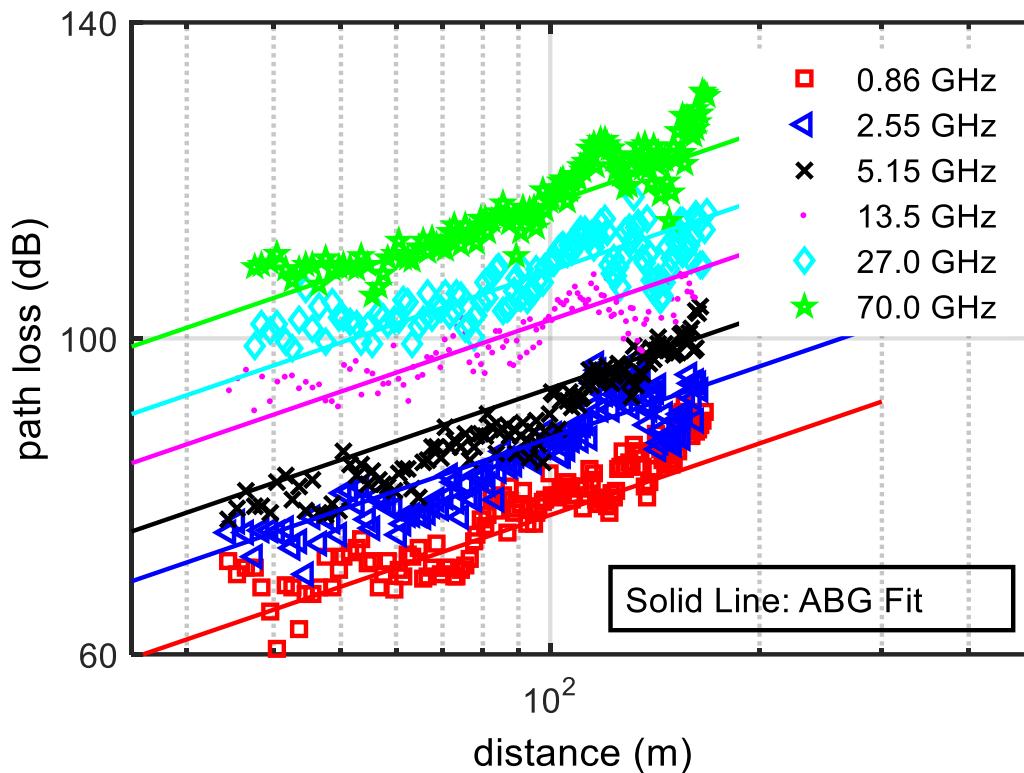
**CG 3K-6: ITU-R P. 1411-10:**

Harmonization of path loss model

# Environments: UK, Japan, Korea



# Multi-band Residential NLOS Measurements



*AGB*

$(\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \sigma)$

3.01, 18.8, 2.07, 3.07

# Adopted model for below rooftop

Frequency range (GHz)	Distance range (m)	Type of environment	LoS/NLoS	$\alpha$	$\beta$	$\gamma$	$\sigma$
0.8-73	5-660	Urban high-rise, Urban low-rise/ Suburban	LoS	2.12	29.2	2.11	5.06
0.8-38	30-715	Urban high-rise	NLoS	4.00	10.2	2.36	7.60
10-73	30-250	Urban low-rise/ Suburban	NLoS	5.06	-4.68	2.02	9.33
0.8-73	30-170	Residential	NLoS	3.01	18.8	2.07	3.07

# ITU-R 1238-10 measurement scenarios



Indoor Ceiling height to user,  
 $Tx=2.35\text{ m}$ ,  $Rx=1.5\text{ m}$

# CG 3J-3K-3M-8: ITU-R P. 2109-1 Building entry loss model

## Building classification

- Thermally-efficient: metallised glass, foil-backed panels
- Traditional' buildings without such materials

# Type of properties measured

Traditional



Victorian House

Modern



80s build



Üserhuus

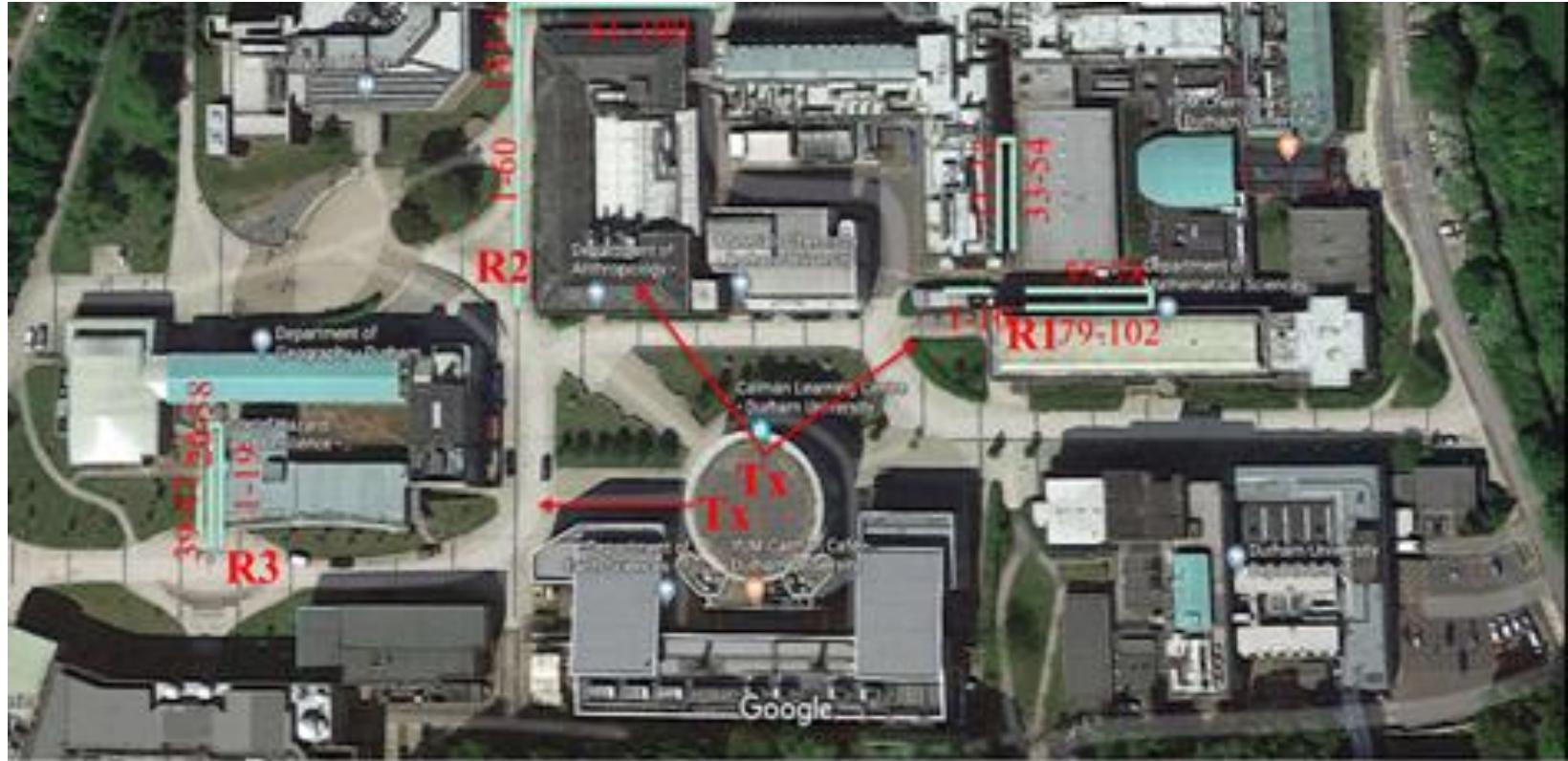


Weinerberger-E4

Building Research Establishment (BRE) in Watford, UK

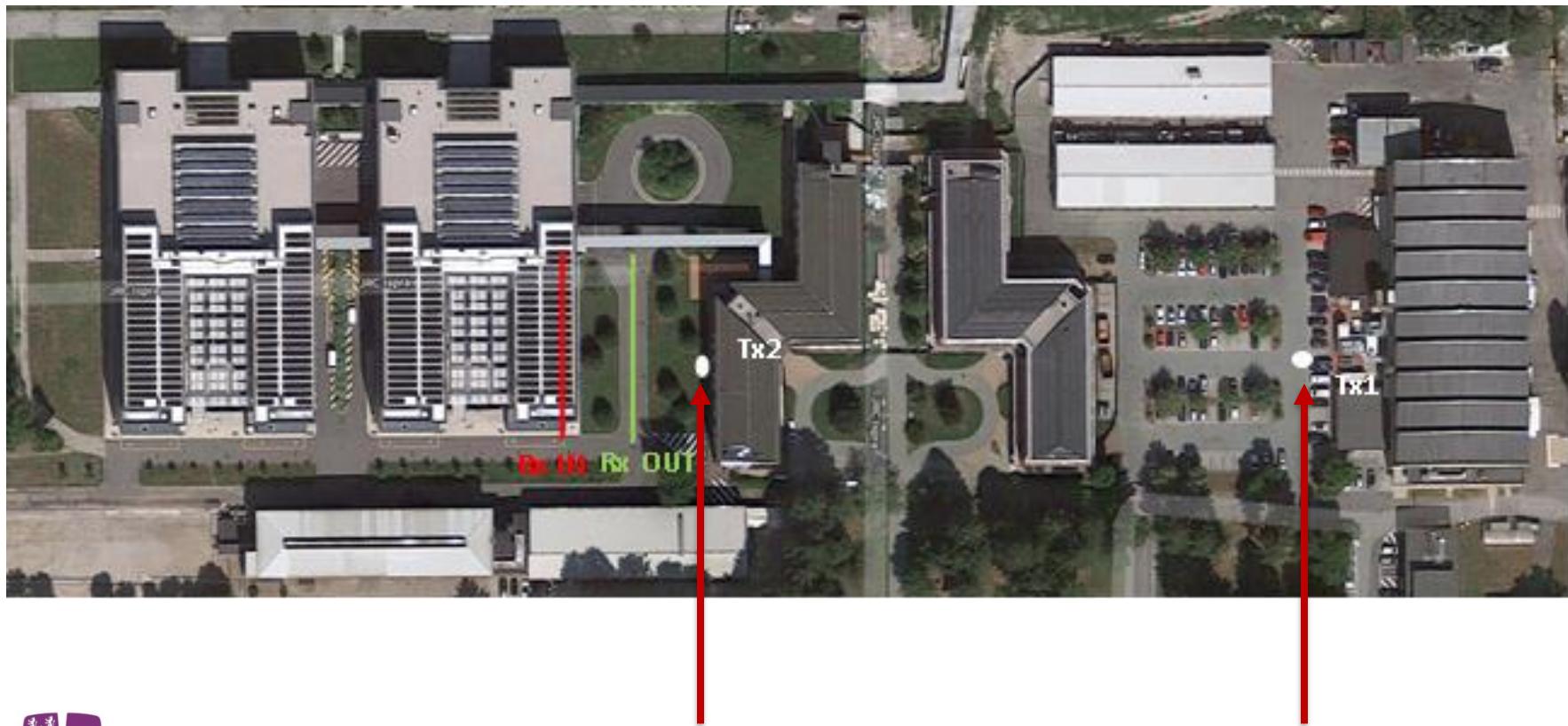
# CG 3K-3M-12: Clutter loss prediction

## ITU-R P. 2108 Clutter Loss Measurements UK

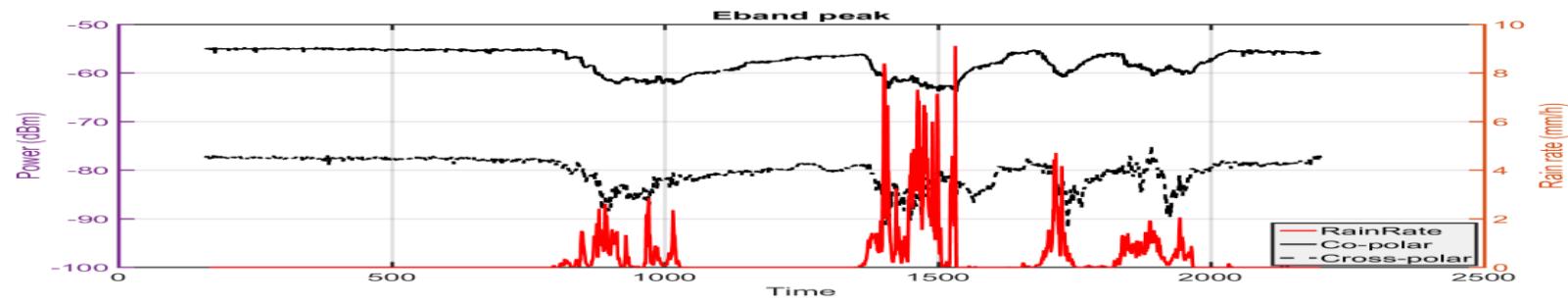


# Combined Clutter Loss and BEL

# Combined Clutter Loss and BEL Wideband Measurement Scenario



# Impact of precipitation



# Future plans: 5G/6G

- **WRC23:** 140-170 GHz, and 235-300 GHz
- **Models:** Indoor, outdoor, Precipitation measurements