## HO Data Service & Analytics (DSA) PRJ8500 – DSA Data & Analytics Services (8<sup>th</sup> July 2024)

#### Disclaimer:

- This event is launched to provide a view of the further competition and further elaborate for PRJ8500 Data & Analytics Services within DSA
- We reserve the right to not to award a contract, to vary any structure, approach, scope, scale and timing of the procurement in progress in relation to this event
- The material does not necessarily reflect any specific Home Office policy; should any discrepancy arise official policy statements and publications take precedence.
- Existing commercial arrangements with suppliers will not be discussed.
- While we will seek to engage openly and respond to questions, we reserve the right not to answer questions where we believe it is not in our interest to do so.



## Agenda

- > 1.30pm 1.35pm Welcome and housekeeping Heather Cover-Kus (Tech UK)
- > 1.35pm 1.45pm Goal and Objectives / HO DDat Overview Andy Gregory (Deputy Director DS&A)
- > 1.45 2.05pm The Scope of the Procurement Lisa Curphey (Programme Lead)
- > 2.05pm 2.35pm What is Important to DSA Michael Fisher (Head of Operational Contract Management)
- > 2.35pm 2.45pm Procurement and Next Steps Chris Jones (DS&A Procurement Lead)
- ➤ 2.45pm 3pm Questions and Answers
- ➤ 3pm Close



## Early Market Engagement: Goal and Objectives

## Goal

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• To encourage the supply base to provide the best quality response possible to the forthcoming exciting £250m competition

## **Objectives**

- To share our early thinking and provide the opportunity for the supply base to influence the ITT
- To encourage strong relationships to be formed to enable a strong supply chain based response
- To provide early insights to what we are looking for to allow the market as much time as possible to prepare ahead of the issue of the ITT
- To tell you about the associated materials we will be issuing for information and feedback purposes ahead of the competition

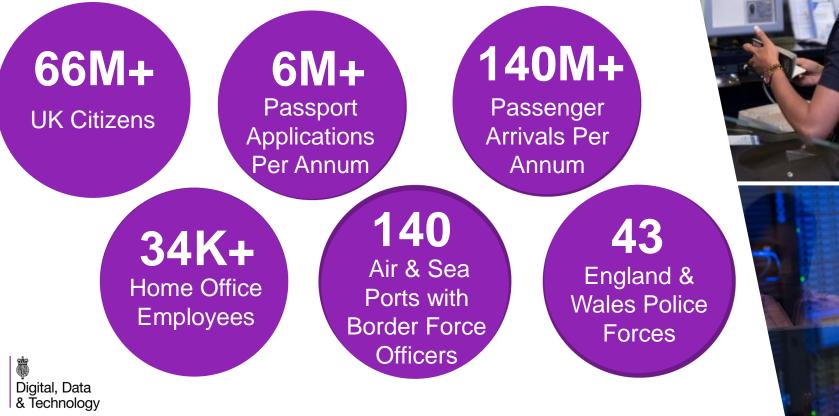
## Early Market Engagement: Some Caveats

- We are providing early thoughts only. Nothing in this pack shall be taken as a commitment
- Whilst we will aim to be consistent with what we are telling you, DSA reserves the right to make changes to reflect internal, governance and supply chain feedback
- Whilst considered to be relatively low risk (given this covers largely BAU spend), changes to government may also impact the scope, scale and timing of this competition
- Whilst we are, in good faith, encouraging suppliers to invest in preparation, suppliers do so at their own risk

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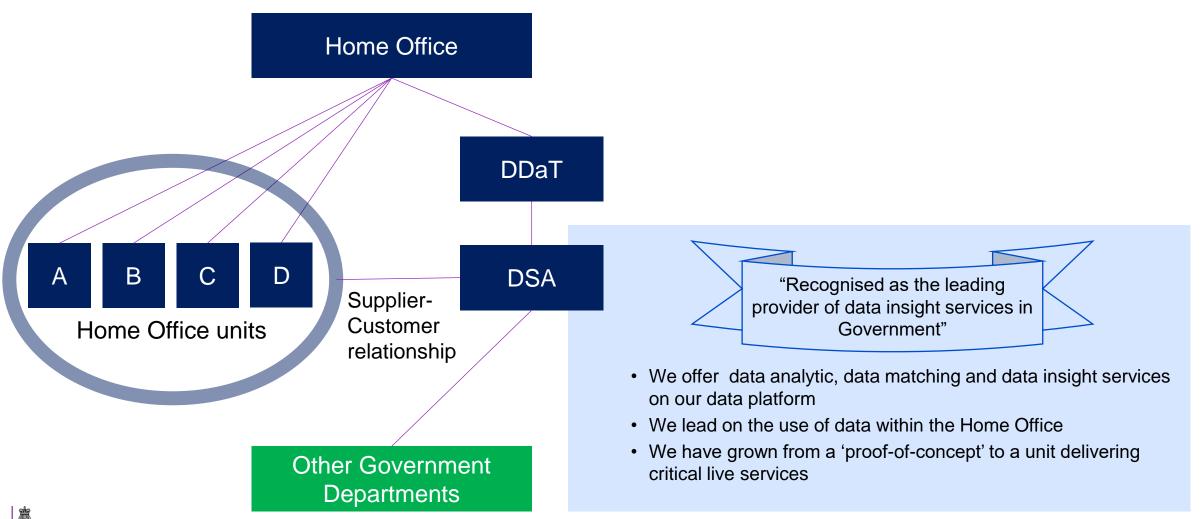
## HO & DDAT - A complex and changing environment

Home Office Digital, Data and Technology (DDaT) is evolving to meet the complex and changing needs of the Home Office.



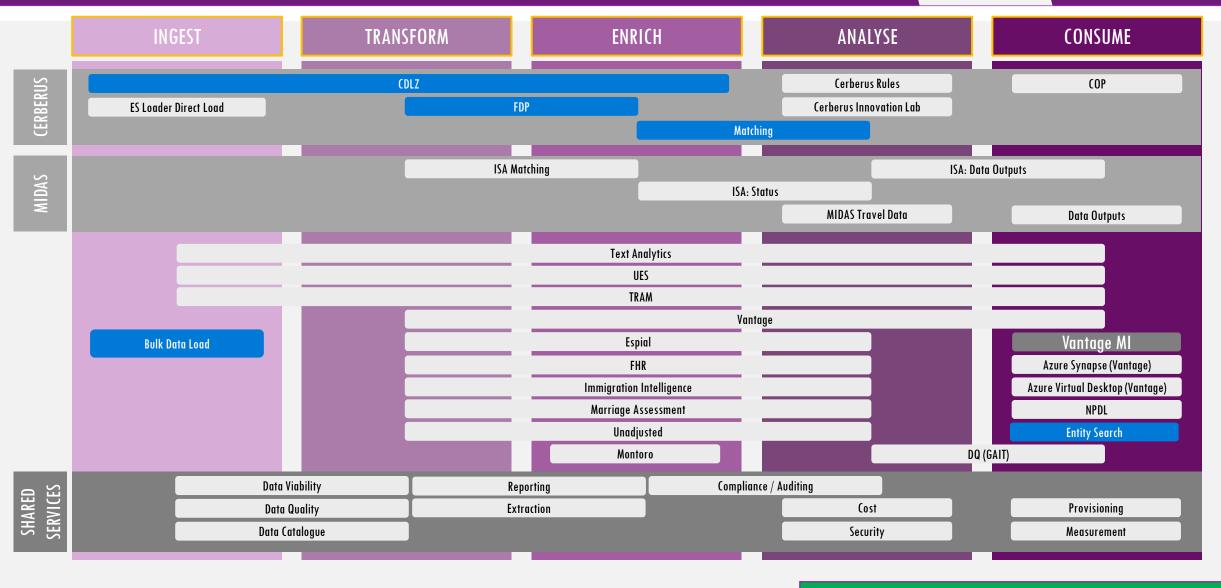


## DSA – Data Services & Analytics



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## To date DSA "Products" have been solution focussed ...



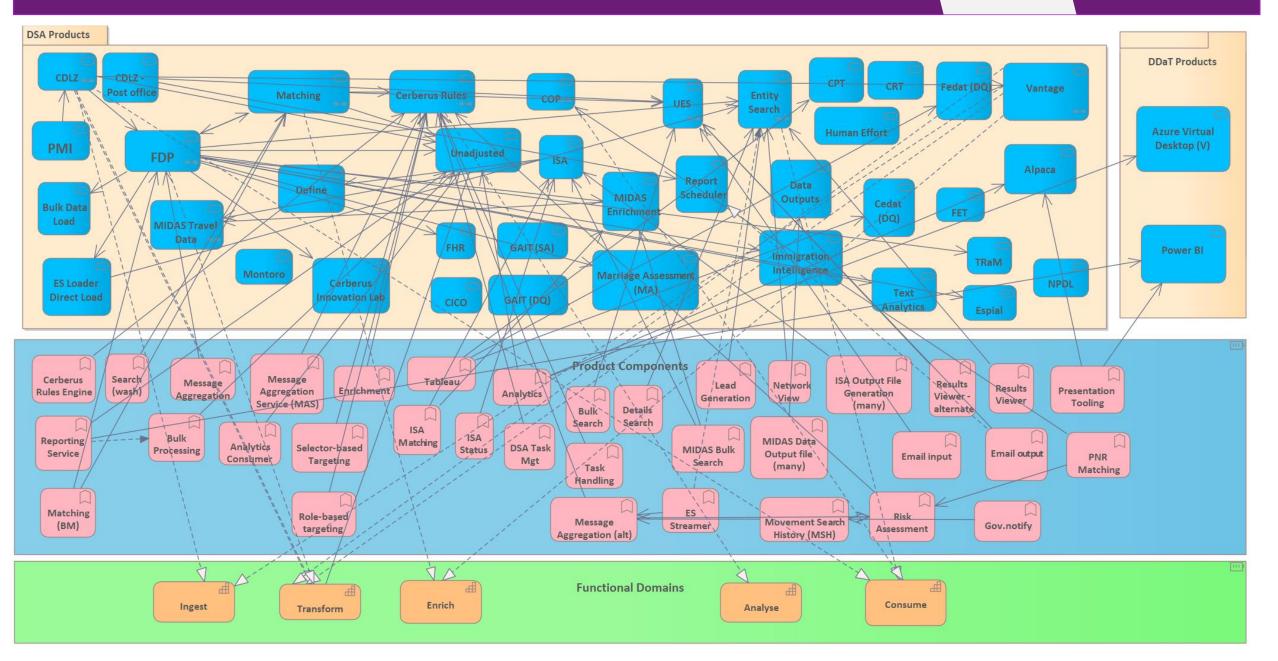
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Product Capabilities

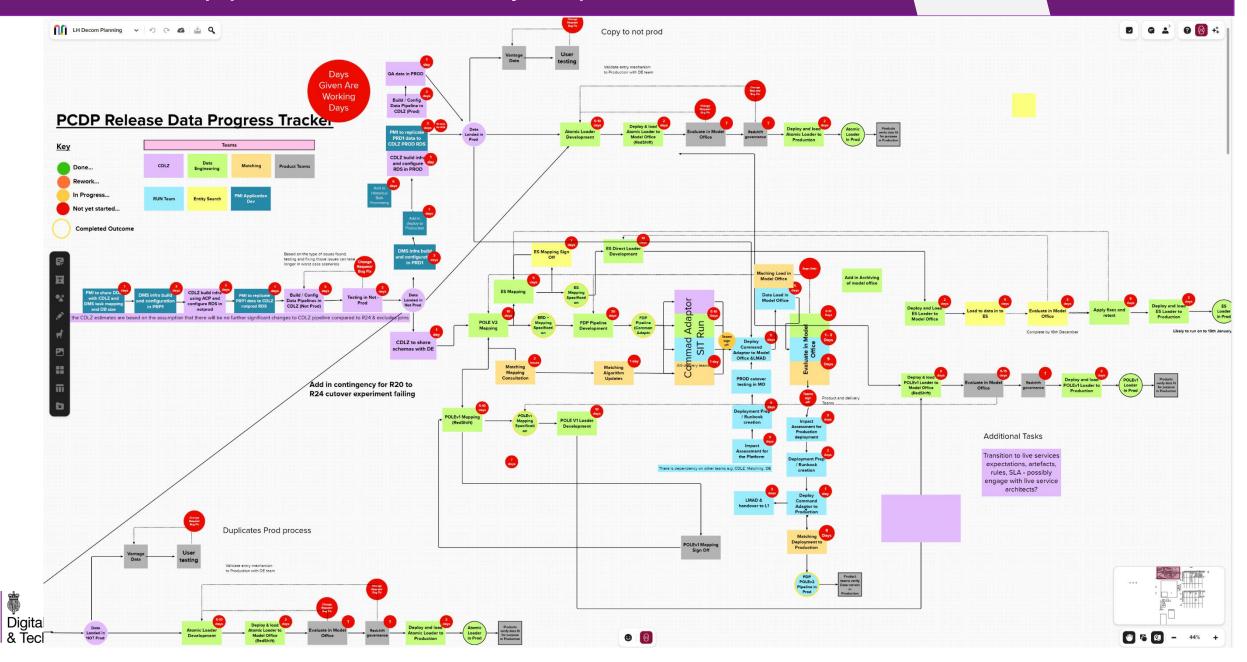
**Defined Service** 

#### DSA is becoming more "data" focussed

## ... resulting in a complex environment of functionality



### Our data pipelines involve many steps and takes time



## DSA's vision over the next 4-5 years is to ...



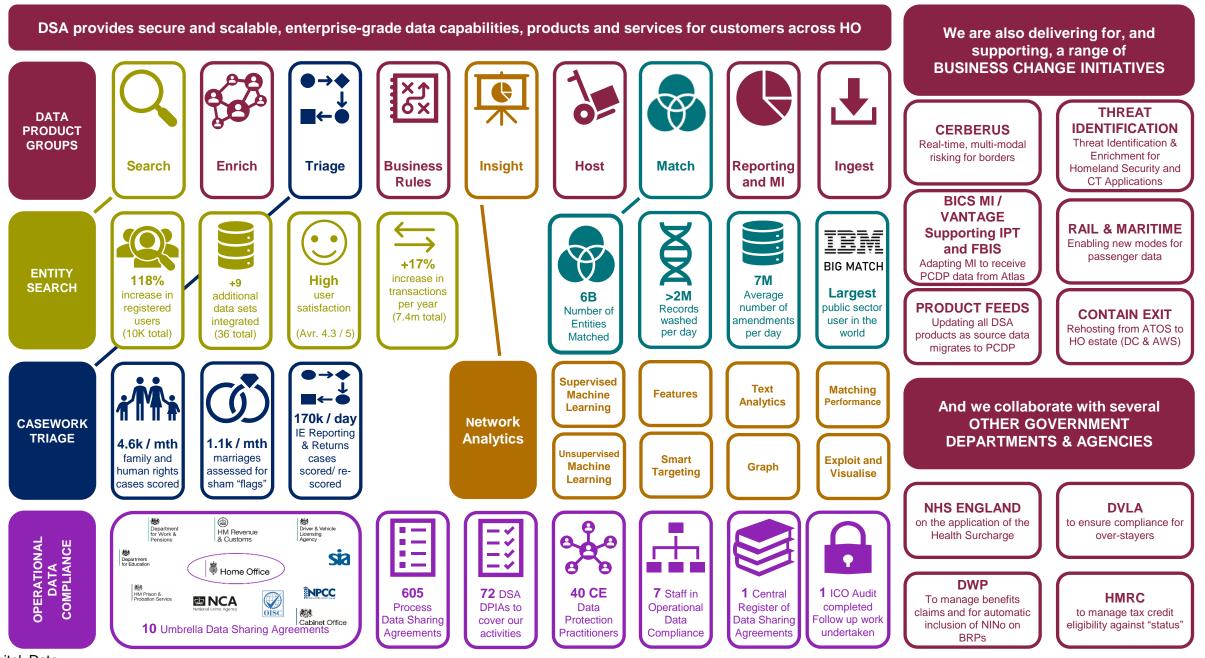
- Reduce (significantly) the time (and cost) to make new data available to our customers
- **Refine** the quality of the data to make it more useful

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- Rationalise the complexity of our current software environment
- **Re-use** as much as possible from the market and existing code base
- Revolutionise where appropriate via the increasing use of emerging technologies such as SRE, AI and Machine Learning; and
- Relegate, where able, control of the data pipeline and analysis to end customers i.e. Empower them to do more themselves

The purpose of this procurement is to select a prime and supply chain to help DSA deliver against this vision (the 6Rs).

## The Scope of the Procurement



Data Services & Analytics – Turning the Data We Have into the Information We Need

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## High Level Scope

A future looking "Data Contract" (see SFIA) :

- Provides Managed Data Services (mainly D&A roles [~60%] but supported by non-data professions for project purposes); and
- **Resource Augmentation** of D&A roles (refer to the Government DDaT Profession roles).

Aim to enrichen D&A Data Profession whilst allowing us to have the benefit of data focussed multi-functional Outcome based Managed Services where possible.

Note it will not be permitted to bring in non-Data roles on a resource augmentation basis (the remit of PSR and other central contracts)

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## SFIA View: Data and analytics Data and analytics (D & A)

#### Data management DATM

Developing and implementing plans, policies, and practices that control, protect and optimise the value of data assets.

#### Data modelling and design DTAN

Developing models and diagrams to represent and communicate data requirements and data assets.

#### Database design DBDS

Specifying, designing and maintaining mechanisms for storing and accessing data.

#### Data engineering DENG

Designing, building, operationalising, securing and monitoring data pipelines and data stores.

#### Database administration DBAD

Installing, configuring, monitoring, maintaining and improving the performance of databases and data stores.

#### Data science DATS

Applying mathematics, statistics, data mining and predictive modelling techniques to gain insights, predict behaviours and generate value from data.

#### Machine learning MLNG & Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Developing systems that learn through experience and by the use of data.

#### Business intelligence BINT

Developing, producing and delivering regular and one-off management information to provide insights and aid decision-making.

#### Data visualisation VISL

Facilitating understanding of data by displaying concepts, ideas, and facts using graphical representations.

## Government DDaT Core "Data" (and extended Team) Roles

Family No	Family	Role No	Role	Family No	Family	Role No	Role
1	Architecture roles	1	Business architect		4 Product and delivery roles	1	Business analyst
1	Architecture roles	2	Data architect		4 Product and delivery roles	2	2 Delivery manager
1	Architecture roles	3	Enterprise architect		4 Product and delivery roles	Э	B Digital portfolio manager
1	Architecture roles	4	Network architect		4 Product and delivery roles	2	Product manager (data products)
1	Architecture roles	5	Security architect	4	4 Product and delivery roles	5	Programme delivery manager
1	Architecture roles	6	Solution architect	4	4 Product and delivery roles	e	5 Service owner (data services)
1	Architecture roles	7	Technical architect	!	5 Quality assurance testing (QAT) roles	1	Quality assurance testing (QAT) analyst
2	Data roles	1	Data analyst	!	5 Quality assurance testing (QAT) roles	2	2 Test engineer
2	Data roles	2	Data engineer	!	5 Quality assurance testing (QAT) roles	Э	B Test manager
2	Data roles	3	Data ethicist	(	5 Software development roles	1	Development operations (DevOps) engineer
2	Data roles	4	Data governance manager		5 Software development roles	2	2 Frontend developer
2	Data roles	5	Data scientist	(	5 Software development roles	Э	B Software developer
2	Data roles	6	Performance analyst	-	7 User-centred design roles	1	Accessibility specialist
3	IT operations roles	1	Application operations engineer		7 User-centred design roles	2	2 Content designer
3	IT operations roles	2	Business relationship manager		7 User-centred design roles	Э	B Content strategist
3	IT operations roles	3	Change and release manager	-	7 User-centred design roles	Z	Graphic designer
3	IT operations roles	4	Command and control centre manager	-	7 User-centred design roles	5	5 Interaction designer
3	IT operations roles	5	End user computing engineer	-	7 User-centred design roles	e	5 Service designer
3	IT operations roles	6	IT service manager	-	7 User-centred design roles	7	7 Technical writer
3	IT operations roles	7	Incident manager		7 User-centred design roles	8	3 User researcher
3	IT operations roles	8	Infrastructure engineer	8	Cyber Security	1	Monitoring Management
3	IT operations roles	9	Infrastructure operations engineer	8	Cyber Security	2	Response Management
3	IT operations roles	10	Problem manager	8	Cyber Security	3	Risk Management
3	IT operations roles	11	Service desk manager	٤	Cyber Security	4	Vulnerability Management
3	IT operations roles	12	Service transition manager	• (	Government DDaT F	Sole	<b>s</b> (Nov 23)
3	IT operations roles	20	Data operations engineer				
W Diaital	Data			• 🖊	dditional SFIA 8 Da	ata	Kole

• HO DDaT Cyber Security Roles

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Core "Data" Roles

## HO DDaT is migrating toward the new (Nov 23) Government Skills

	Government DDaT "Data" Skills
	Analysis and insight
	Analysis and synthesis (data analyst)
	Analysis and synthesis (data ethics)
	Communicating data
	Communication (data ethics)
	Data analysis and synthesis
	Data development process
	Data engineering and manipulation (DENG
	Data governance
	Data governance (data architect)
	Data innovation
	Data integration design
	Data life cycle
S	Data literacy improvement
š	Data management (DATM)
io.	Data maturity models
fes	Data modelling (DTAN)
Govt DDaT Profession Skills	Data modelling, cleansing and enrichment
Ц	Data quality assurance, validation and link
ã	Data regulation and ethics
ž	Data science innovation (DATS)
Ğ	Data standards
	Data standards (data architect)
	Data visualisation (VISL)
	Developing data science capability
	Ethics and privacy (data science)
	Government Digital and Data perspective
	Metadata management
	Problem resolution (data)
	Product ownership (data ethics)
	Programming and build (data engineering
	Programming and build (data science)
	Statistical methods and data analysis
	Turning business problems into data desig
	Verification and validation of data and ana

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	Additional SFIA 8 Skills & Specialisms
	Business Intelligence (BINT)
IIIs	Configuration Management (CFMG)
Skills	Database administration (DBAD)
A 8	Database Design (DBDS)
SFIA	Machine learning (MKNG)
	Storage management (STMG)
lisı	Artifical Intelligence
Specialis	Graph analysis
Spe	Pattern matching
Skill le	vel What the level means

#### You can: • describe the fundamentals of the skill • demonstrate basic knowledge of some of the skill's tools and techniques

Working

Awareness

Practitioner

- You can: • apply the skill with some support
- adopt the most appropriate tools and techniques

#### You can:

You can

- apply the skill without support
- determine and use the most appropriate tools and techniques
- share knowledge and experience of the skill

#### Expert

- lead and guide a team or organisation in the skill's best
  practice
- teach the skill's advanced tools and techniques

- The Government have created an evolution of SFIA8 skills for their DDaT professional framework
- Each skill has 4 level Awareness, Working, Practitioner and Expert
- Each role typically has 4 5 levels mapped to civil servant grades
- Within the Data space there are a handful of SFIA 8 skills included e.g. Machine Learning
- There are a handful of specialisms important to DSA

Data analyst	Principal	Principal Data analyst	G6	5
Data analyst	Senior	Senior Data analyst	G7	4
Data analyst		Data analyst	SEO	3
Data analyst	Associate	Associate Data analyst	HEO	2

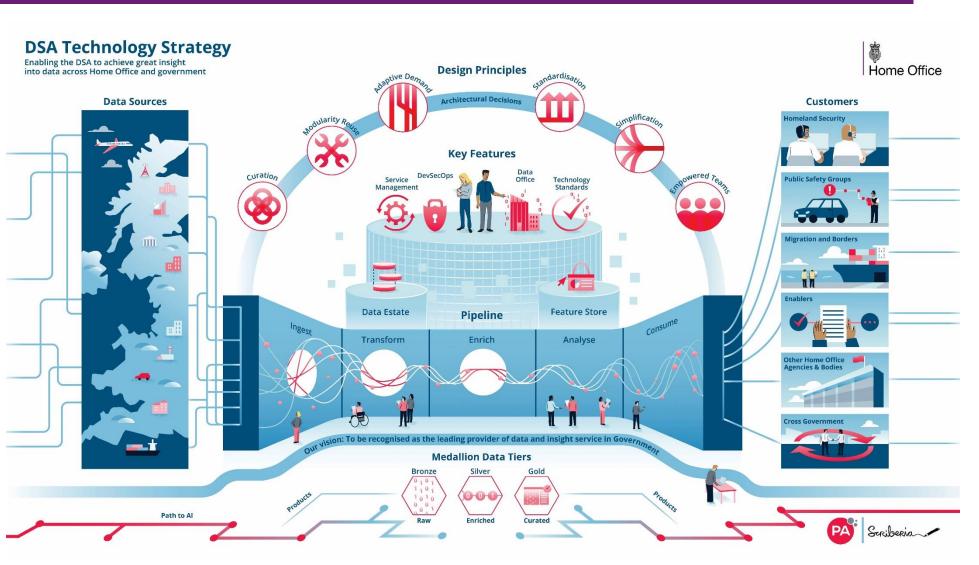
## Vision

DSA's vision is "to be recognised as the leading provider of data insight services in Government".

This requires DSA to:

- Consistently, effectively and efficiently deliver high-quality data services that cater for unique user needs.
- Offer innovative solutions and **pioneering** new approaches to data analysis.
- Build a market leading reputation by earning the trust and confidence of government agencies.

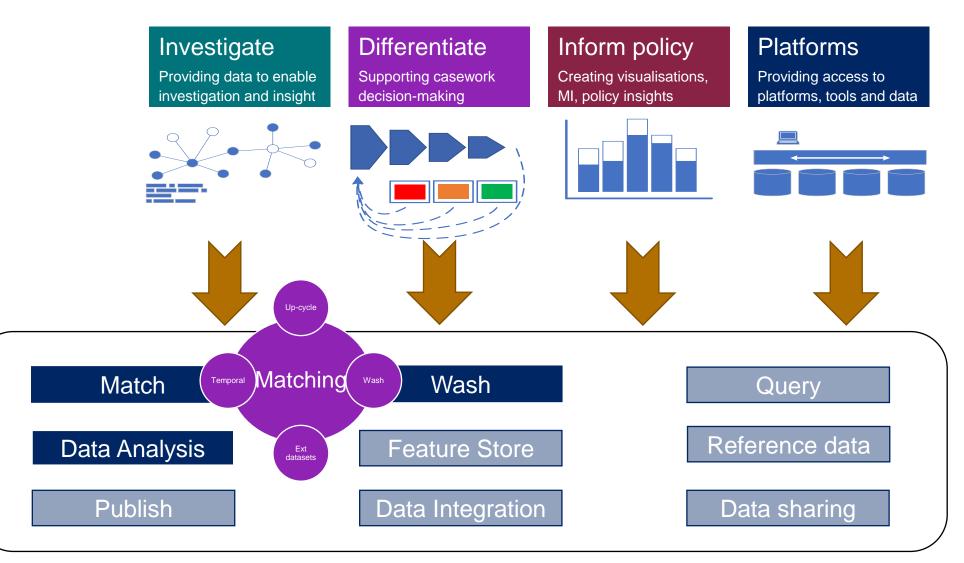
The rich picture (right) illustrates the data flow from ingress to dissemination, guided by the design principles.



## Some Key Specialisms in the Data Pipeline

Collection	Ingestion	Transformation	Big/Data/ Storage	Enrichment	Analysis	Consumption
Multiple Structured Source Types Stream data Unstructured data Validation Multiple data originators	Source metadata Raw data capture Landing data Streaming data Data Validation Simple Cleansing Mechanisms : XML, JDBC, CSV SFTP, S3, JSON, Kafka, Zip, Postgres, Email	Cleansing & Standardisation Mapping (POLE) <i>Machine Learning</i> <i>(future)</i> • Metadata extraction • Data quality determination • Data archival rules • Data formatting	No-SQL (Graph, eg Neo4j) SQL (Oracle, Postgres, etc) AWS S3, Athena, Redshift, Hadoop Data Lakes Apache Spark MongoDB • AWS • Azure	Data Quality Enhancements Matching Entity Resolution • IBM Big Match, • De-Duplication	Machine Learning Large Language Models Rules based risk assessments Feature engineering • Python • Java	MS PowerBI Tableau API access CSV, spreadsheet graphical output, textual output
<ul> <li>Terraform, Kafka, Apache Flink FinOps</li> <li>DSA require a prime and supply chain with expertise and experience in all of these areas</li> <li>Digital, Data &amp; Technology</li> </ul>						

## DSA is in the process of rationalising its approach



#### Mature service

To be service

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## Some examples of products in DSA - risking analytics, reporting & triage

	Cerberus	Pł	RAU	M	DAS	T	RAM
•	<ul> <li>Transform security at the border by utilising data, analysis, and technology to create a holistic, cross-modal, threat agnostic targeting capability.</li> <li>Build on Home Office Intelligence targeting capability to concurrently analyse diverse datasets in real time, addressing multi-modal threats (e.g Organised Crime Groups)</li> <li>Combining multiple datasets to identify Serious Organised Crime (SOC) and Counter Terrorism (CT) activity.</li> <li>Transform data and match to provide network visualisation, applying rules allowing Intelligence Officers to risk assess movements before issuing targets to Front Line Officers for interdiction 24x7.</li> </ul>	• • •	Translate user needs into detailed requirements Data visualisation (primarily in MS Power BI) Data Engineering tasks to land, ingest and curate data (including understanding of common data models / upstream system data) Pipeline (performance) and platform (cost) optimisation Delivery oversight of multi- disciplinary 'POD' teams under an AGILE framework Design and execute test plans (including reconciliation across datasets and releases) Governance framework coordination and management	Pro • • •	ovides critical data services: Data Sharing Search & Explore Status analysis Analysis & reporting Support operational data processing Customers from across Home Office and Other Government Depts Rationalise multiple data pipelines - Transform from a legacy Oracle platform to DSA pipeline and evolve to cloud native technologies Adopt a component-based design which maximises the re-use of datasets Provide rapid response to PQs, FOIs and for major critical events	•	Translate user needs into detailed requirements Ad hoc data exploration in a wide variety of data serialisation and storage formats, from across the business Designing, coding, testing, correcting and documenting moderate to complex programmes and scripts Manipulating and linking different data sets Performing routine statistical analysis and ad-hoc queries including report production. Analytical techniques (data mining, time series, forecasting and modelling) to surface insights and trends. Expanding and optimising the use of cloud technologies Design and execute test plans, carry out exploratory testing.



## What is Important to DSA

## **Current Evaluation Criteria (DRAFT)**

#### **Technical Merit: 55%**

- DSAs 5 year Vision Case Study 10%
- Pipeline optimisation SoW -10%
- Digital definition (discovery etc) SoW 5%
- Management Information 5%
- Innovation (AI, Machine learning etc) 5%
- Continuous transition and knowledge transfer 5%
- Mechanism to deal with supplied resource Adherence to government DDat roles and levels (i.e. No level creep to keep with rates) - 10%
- Supply chain 5%

#### **Cultural Fit: 5%**

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 Agile at scale – Ways of working, metrics, how work with sub-contractors, incumbents – 5%

#### Social Value: 10%

- Tackling Economic inequality: Create New business, new jobs and new skills– 5% MAC 2.2 – Creating Training and Employment Opportunities MAC 2.3 – Support Educational attainment relevant to the contract, including training schemes
   Tackling Economic inequality – Increase Supply Chain Resilience 5% MAC 3.1 - Diverse supply chain MAC 3.4 - Demonstrate collaboration through the supply chain
  - MAC 3.5 Demonstrate action to identify and manage Cyber Security threats

### **Price – 30%**

- Rates 20% (Suppliers will be encouraged to adhere to as far as possible the Optimus rate card)\* Quality of staff is more important than rate adherence.
- Qualitative: Skin in the game -10%

## Evaluation of Sample SoWs: Early Thoughts

	SoW01 – Digital Definition (5%)	SoW02 – Pipeline Optimisation (10%)
Scope	To perform the necessary discovery, "alpha" clarifications and develop the technical inputs for the business case and subsequent SoW (SoW02 – Pipeline Optimisation)	Based on the output from SoW01 (assumed to have been done for the purposes of the competition), to conduct a time-boxed (over 6 months) phased optimisation of the DSA data pipeline. This will focus on "quick wins" identified in the discovery (for the competition based on desktop analysis of materials provided in the ITT pack)
<b>Must Haves</b>	<ul> <li>Description of the approach to be taken</li> <li>Description of inputs / support needed from DSA</li> <li>Sprint based plan on page illustrating timescales</li> <li>Resource profile for each phase of the work</li> <li>Key assumptions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Based on provided documentation, reflection of the as-is DSA pipeline within the SoW (the "Background" in the bidders words)</li> <li>Approach (and rationale for selection of "quick wins")</li> <li>Milestones backed up by an appropriate "product" (story) level backlog</li> <li>Otherwise as described for SoW01</li> </ul>
<b>Evaluation Criteria</b>	<ul> <li>Demonstrated adherence to the applicable DSA Processes and Standards sections</li> <li>Demonstrated understanding of the DSA "front door" process (as provided)</li> <li>Clarity of the approach</li> <li>Clarity of thinking about what is required from DSA</li> <li>Level of recognition of working within the public sector</li> <li>Appropriateness of the proposed resource profile</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Quality of insight into the DSA pipeline (as described in supplied documentation)</li> <li>Demonstrated accommodation of DSA Processes and Standards</li> <li>Quality of identified "Quick Wins" (evidence of level of thinking and imagination applied to identify them versus the solution itself)</li> <li>Quality of the associated initial backlog</li> <li>Evidence and recognition of working alongside incumbents</li> <li>Quality of thinking on the planning</li> <li>Appropriateness of the proposed resource profile</li> </ul>
鱸	Note: Incumbe	ents will be required to sign an appropriate probity agreement

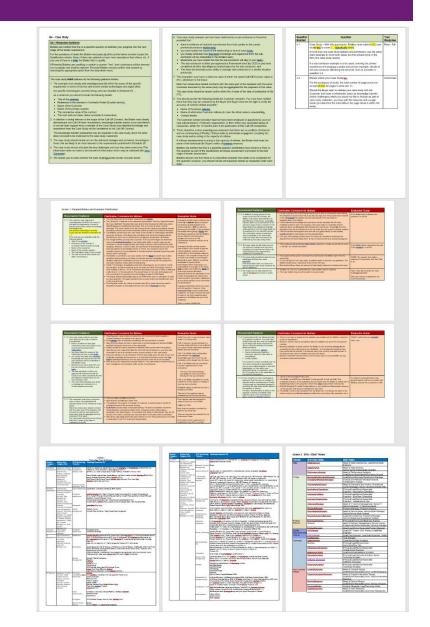
Digital, Data & Technology **Note**: Incumbents will be required to sign an appropriate probity agreement. All responses will be required to be traceable back to supplied documentation.

## **Evaluation of the Provided Case Study Material: Early thoughts**

#### **Case Study Material (10%)**

The case study material should reflect the scope and scale of the competition. It doesn't have to be a single "case". Provided it is clear how the individual "cases" link to the scope this will be OK. However, the cases must exclude DSA and have been active in the last 3 years (we are looking for new thinking)

- Refer to the Case Study Response Guidance (to be issued in advance) ٠
- The case study material must include evidence of their impact
- The material must clearly articulate how the experience from it will be applied to the new contract
- **Must Haves** It must evidence working within a supply chain of suppliers
  - Challenges / lessons learnt should also be included
  - Clarity of linkage to the scope and scale of competition
  - Strength of evidence provided (and clarity of responsibility of scope)
  - Quality of involvement of the supply chain in the material
  - Clarity of how the knowledge gained from the case study will be brought to the benefit of DSA
  - Clarity of the benefits of applying case study learning to DSA



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**Evaluation Criteria** 

Scope

## Management Information (Metrics): Early thoughts

Ref	Measure	Brief Description		M01	Mean Time to Recover (MTTR)	This is not a DORA metric but, in the context of a Product		Ref	Measure	Brief Description	
A01	Velocity	Actual Story Points versus Forecast Story Points			. ,	Centric DevOps team it makes see metric to sit within the Product	SME and g it	C01	(Labour) Cost Metrics	A subset of Total Cost of Ownership (which includes Hosting and Software Costs), this measures costs against budget (since	
A01a	Team Capacity	In Story Points				takes to recover a service once i	<sup>ice i</sup> Resource			it is this variance that matters to the End Customer. Costs	
A01b	Forecast Story Points	The Story Points forecast to be delivered within the Sprint				Production and Production envi	Metrics to be			include Baseline Budget (C01A), Baseline Contingency (C01B),	
		Planning event. Note sizing related to non-Story issue points to be excluded (so we have a proportion of Story versus		M01a Availability	producti		The percentage of time (in both production) the system is availa	The percentage of time (in both			Current Budget (C01C), Forecast Cost (C01D) and Actual Cost (C01E) on a monthly trend basis
A01c	Actual Story Points	The number of Story Points actually delivered (must be in full, a Story which is only partially delivered – even if 99% complete – is not delivered)	6			MTTR (above) PLUS any <b>planned d</b> time. Useful to capture if in Busine Outside Hours.	ess Hours (08:30 7:30) or	oject) Metr	Time Metrics	Similar to costs above (Baseline Target, Baseline Latest, Planned Target, Forecast and Actual) with variance of Forecast/Actual versus Planned being the key performance indicator	
A01d	Percentage Story Points	The percentage of Team Capacity allocated to Stories, versus other Issue Types. This percentage is anticipated to increase over time.	CIT) Metric	M02	Reliability	The frequency of incidents (both p production) classified according to P4)	· · · ·	A01	Quality – Velocity	See Agile metrics above. Effectively the actual number of Stories accepted as done versus the total number of Stories forecasted to be done at a point in time (from a Customer point	
A02	Burn-Up Charts	Also based on Forecast and Actual Story Points (a different view)	SM (C	M03	System Performance & Resource Utilisation	Now captured as a feed into Total		rogr		of view other Issue types are internal to DSA).	
A02a	"Task" Points	Anything which is not related to a planned Story. Proposed	עור וז		Nesource Ounsauon	means of ensuring incidents do not arise as a consequence of insufficient capacity		C03	Dependency Metrics	Dependencies are included here on the basis that unresolved Dependencies are usually the biggest source of Risk in terms of	
		Issue Types include: Story, Bug, Problem, Request and	× M04.		Customer Ticket Volume	Customer Ticket Volume A set of ITIL ITSM related Metrics v		usto		delivery. These are broken down into dependencies at different	
		Dependency. Any sub-activities linked to these issue types should ideally be Sub-tasks (not Issue Type tasks). Ideally			(Incident Management)	Issue Type (Story, Bug, Problem, Request, Dependency). Note that levels below Issue (sub-tasks) and above an Issue		ن ا		stages in their life-cycle.	
		forecast, but the main interest is on actual.				(Epics/Features) should not be cou		Ref	Measure	Brief Description	
A03	Lead Time [DORA]	The amount of time between work actually starting on an Issue (or the first Story in a Feature) and when, in theory, the Issue is		M04a	Problem Management	A detail of the above, the number	of open, new and closed	C01 T01	Labour Cost Metrics	See above but this is used in the context of Total Cost of	
		ready to be started (Declared versus Accepted as Ready)		(plus Incident [Bug],			s case Problem, but also for Issue types		Hosting Cost Metrics	Ownership versus variance against Budget Nowadays usually based on Cloud Hosting Calculators ( <u>e.g.</u> the	
A04	Cycle Time				Request and Dependency Issues)	Request and Dependency – with incidents captured above)		Own		AWS Calculator) this will require inputs such as number of	
		start of the Sprint in which it is planned to be done) and when it is believed to have been completed (Bugs will identify poor		M05	Cost Per Ticket A derived measured combining D04 above and Total Cost of		Cost of		processors of different types, memory, storage of different types etc (inputs captured under M03 Resource Utilisation in		
		quality work).				Ownership			Software Cost Metrics	the previous version of this document Usually more difficult to allocate to a particular service, but the	
A04a	Control Chart	A visualisation of Cycle time		P01	Data Cleanliness and	Duplicate or ambiguous records, of		20T International Content	contrare cost methos	intent is to allow for TCO optimisation via balancing software	
A04b	Cumulative Flow Diagram	Another visualisation of Cycle time			Validity	or missing records, text encoding e mislabelled or unlabelled data	ariors, inconsistent jormats,		/	licencing costs, hosting costs and labour costs.	
A05	Defect Escape Rate	The number of "Bugs" found after development work has	ы	P02	Volumetrics	number of sources, number of feed	ds, number of records, etc.				
	·	completed (ready for release into Model Office or Live) versus	ipelin	P03	Cycle time per feed per	Including success rates	Quantitation	Th	ne elemen	its of the service <b>will</b>	
		the total number of "bugs" in total. Note Bugs are of sub-type Production (Live) and Pre-Production (Model Office).	ata F		stage		Considering	_		-	
			Р. D	M03	Resource Utilisation	See ITIL ITSM Metrics	Carbon Cost	DE	e measure	a.	
A03.	Lead Time [DORA]	As defined under Agile Metrics				d up as Observability related metrics ing work on SRE). The impact of thes		_	Targets will be agreed and		
D01.	Deployment Frequency	How Many successful Deployments released into Model Office				t Escape Rate, Total Cost of Ownersh		la			
	[DORA]	and Production (measured separately) over a rolling 6 sprint period (12 weeks)						variance against target captured			
D02.	Change Failure Rate	The percentage of deployments causing failure (Incidents) in						va	manue ay	anisi larger capilled	
	[DORA]	both pre-production and production environments									

D. DevOps Metrics

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## Innovation (Early Thoughts)

Given the rapidly accelerating pace of innovation in areas such as Machine Learning, Artificial Intelligence, emerging Data Pipeline capabilities, etc and the (up to) five year duration of the contract the Suppliers response should demonstrate ....

#### **Must Haves**

- It (prime & supply chain) has a good understanding of emerging technologies and what the supply side of the market is offering
- It has the expertise to maintain that knowledge and cascade that into decisions related to the service
- It has access to, and can share, what the broader demand side market and other customers are actually doing with these technologies
- It can demonstrate it has the pragmatic wherewithal to recommend, and subsequently support deployment, of these technologies within its services

#### Should Haves (For MEAT Evaluation)

- Established relationships with key players in the market place
- Can demonstrate experience of applying these technologies within the public sector
- Has wider industry recognised experts in the field
- Has credible proposals in the specific areas within DSA (based on provided documentation) which could benefit from these technologies and how
- Can demonstrate an understanding of the benefits of these technologies whilst recognising concerns related to their application



## Continuous Transition and Knowledge Transfer (Early Thoughts)

DSA's transition policy, in order to reduce dependency and ensure continuity, is that it should be possible to transition in or out at any time – not just as contracts change. At the beginning there will be a gradual ramping up and phasing in of the new service, during the contract we may choose to transition parts of the service to in-house teams (e.g. our Shared Application Service) and, at the end, to others

Must Haves	Should Haves (For MEAT Evaluation)
<ul> <li>The Supplier shall demonstrate, in both theory and practice, how it will limit and address the risks of single points of failure</li> <li>The Supplier shall have clear mechanisms to ensure its professional staff are fully aware of the Gov level and above standards (see Processes and Standards Manual) prior to onboarding and how, once they are in place, they will cascade DSA specific standards to colleagues as part of mobilisation.</li> <li>The Supplier shall ensure that, as far as is practical, it captures documentation to allow others to pick up work in the event of illness, absence and/or transfer of responsibility</li> <li>Recognising gradual transition, an appropriate Transition Plan</li> <li>Recognising continuous exit, an appropriate Exit Plan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The processes it has/will put in place to enable succession (inside and outside of its own organisation)</li> <li>How the Supplier ensures it's professional staff are continuously familiar with requisite standards and industry good practices and how this is assured across the supply chain (e.g. via appropriate ongoing training)</li> <li>The quality and clarity of the proposed onboarding process</li> <li>The quality of the assurance mechanisms the Supplier has/will put in place to ensure it's work is transparently documented at all times</li> <li>The quality of thought put into its staff rotation policies (minimising single points of failure) and how these will be cascaded across the supply chain.</li> <li>The quality of its draft (Continuous) Exit Planning.</li> <li>How the Supplier proposes, over the first few months, to acquire knowledge from incumbents</li> </ul>

Digital, Data & Technology

## Quality and Availability of DDaT Roles: Individuals and in Teams (draft)

DSA requires that the Supplier (including Supply Chain) is able to mobilise suitably skilled professionals within reasonable timescales. This shall primarily reference the Government Digital and Data Profession Capability Framework, supplemented in small parts by the SFIA8 Skills framework and the Home Office DDaT framework (the latter mainly around Cyber Security)

Must Haves	Should Haves (For MEAT Evaluation)
<ul> <li>The Supplier (and Supply chain) must ensure it follows the Governments Digital and Data Profession Capability Framework with regard to roles</li> <li>Recognising it can take up to 3 months to get workers through security clearance and equipment provisioning the Supplier shall commit to appropriate Service Level Agreements with respect to providing resources</li> <li>The Supplier shall ensure that it can provide workers at the civil servant grade (SFIA level) stated for the rate quoted (rates shall not be used as a reason for not filling roles, it will not be acceptable to inflate grades/levels as a means of increasing rates)</li> <li>Even with outcome based activities, prices shall be backed up by auditable estimates based on quoted roles and rates.</li> <li>The Supplier shall commit to capturing and providing "actuals" for the purposes of charging if time &amp; materials, or improving future estimates if outcome based</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The quality of processes put in place to ensure that the professional framework is followed across the supply chain on an ongoing basis.</li> <li>How the Supplier proposes to deal with situations where the Buyer challenges the quality of the provided workers</li> <li>Recognising that a requests for an individual, a small team or for a larger team provide different challenges, the SLAs the Supplier is prepared to commit to with regard to ability to mobilise</li> <li>Mechanisms the Supplier proposes for dealing with "urgent" resource / team requests</li> <li>How the Supplier proposes to ensure it is able to continuously provide suitably qualified individuals at quoted rates</li> <li>The quality of proposed mechanism to deal with "rare" or "abundant" skills (which may, demonstrably, require a variation to the generic rate card)</li> <li>Level of commitment to the principles of transparency</li> <li>Attractiveness of proposals with regard to dealing with demobilisation</li> </ul>

## Quality and Depth of the Supply Chain (draft)

Whilst DSA wish to have the accountability related to a single prime, DSA also requires the involvement of specialist SMEs throughout the length of the contract. This is to provide niche expertise, quality of resource and flexibility. DSA is committed to support the Governments targets for SME involvement

Must Haves	Should Haves (For MEAT Evaluation)
<ul> <li>Primes are required to include SMEs as part of their offer and will be evaluated on the strength of their supply chain</li> <li>Suppliers are required to provide a brief profile of the SMEs they include in their offer for this purpose</li> <li>Whilst new SME additions will be possible during the course of the contract, only those where there is evidence of commitment by the SME should be included in the offer</li> <li>Post award, if an SME is to become Key (&gt;= 10% of burn rate) DSA will require to give approval. Below this threshold, or if included as part of the initial offer, no approval is required</li> <li>However, Primes have an obligation to ensure that SMEs pass government due diligence standards (criminal records, etc)</li> <li>Contracts which SMEs are required to sign up to shall be visible to DSA as a means of ensuring relevant terms are cascaded.</li> <li>Even if responsibilities are held by SMEs, DSA requires that the Prime be accountable for performance and commercial matters</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How well the supply chain maps into the DSA scope, the value added by each of the SMEs, and how this integrates into the total scope for which the Prime is accountable</li> <li>Description and evidence of how SMEs will be integrated and managed and ongoing SME participation assured</li> <li>Approach to onboarding SMEs and how the quality of SME workers is assured. The Prime shall be accountable for supply chain quality</li> <li>How the Prime will integrate SME performance and delivery into its overall performance management and reporting framework</li> </ul>
Prime be accountable for performance and commercial matters Digitation Digitation Digita	

## Culture: Agile at Scale (Early Thoughts)

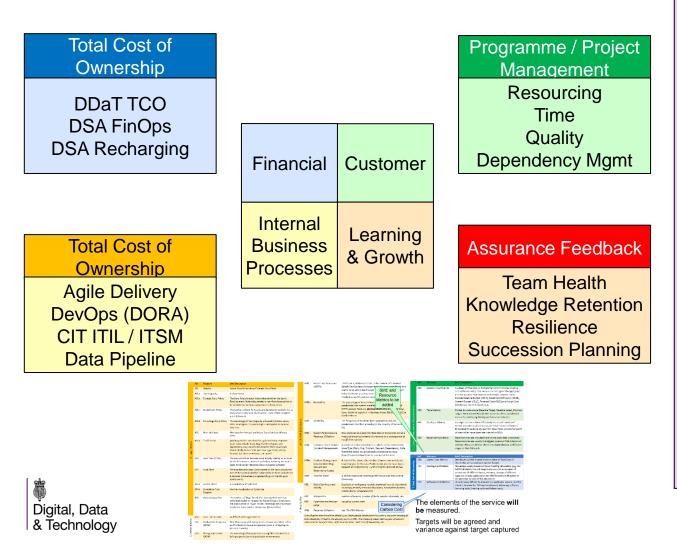
Partially at the strategic level, with priorities likely to be changing over coming months, and partially at the operational level, with multiple dependencies both along the data pipelines and across to other parts of DDaT (e.g. Infrastructure / cloud provision) the service will require agility. This is within a business context driven by more waterfall budgeting and timescale constraints involving numerous players

Must Haves	Should Haves (For MEAT Evaluation)				
Demonstrable experience of working in large scale agile ways involving multiple teams across multiple organisations within a broader waterfall context	<ul> <li>Quality of relevant experience of working in agile at scale ways and how this experience will be brought to the contract</li> <li>Proposals on how and what governance will be applied to agile</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Read and constructively commented on DSA proposals regarding ways of working</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>processes</li> <li>Quality of commentary on DSAs proposals (about adding value /</li> </ul>				
• A demonstrable capability of ensuring visibility and providing agile metrics at the appropriate level (above individual task management level), on an outcome basis	<ul> <li>critiquing proposals not about necessarily agreeing to them)</li> <li>Clarity on how performance and metrics across multiple teams will be aggregated to provide the basis for MI reporting</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>A robust process for managing and highlighting dependencies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Confirmation of how critical (versus day-to-day) dependencies will</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Clarity on how to apply agile tooling (DSA currently use Atlassian Jira) for this purpose</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>be managed</li> <li>Quality of recommendations regarding use of agile tooling</li> </ul>				

#### Note: Digital, Data & Technology

## Metrics, the Balanced Scorecard and Gainshare

## **Metrics Aligned to a Balanced Scorecard**



## **Core Principles (DRAFT)**

- All metrics measured monthly
- Performance across a related set of metrics (not a single one)
- Baseline set based on a rolling quarterly average
- (Average) service should not degrade (service credits if it does)
- Targets set to improve over baseline
- Service improvement tied to Total Cost of Ownership (gainshare if reduced)
- Gainshare capped to ± 20% in-month revenue



## Materials to be released ahead of ITT Supplier Feedback Welcome

## **DSA Processes and Standards Manual**

DRIS	500	Vol. 1 (5 of 6) DSA Processes & Standards Manual
1	300	Introduction
2		Ways of Working
-	2.1	
	2.2	, 0
	2.3	
	2.4	-
	2.6	Product Delivery Support (especially during Early Life)
	2.7	Release Management
	2.8	Continuous Improvement
3		DevOps Principles and Automation
	3.1	Coding Principles
	3.2	Compatibility with Service Management to DSA ITIL® 4 practices
	3.3	Acceptance into Service (AIS)
4		Quality Assurance and Testing
	4.1	Testing Principles
	4.2	
	4.3	Support for Testing
	4.4	
5		Staff Onboarding/Offboarding and Security
	5.3	Security Requirements
6		Dependencies and Assumptions
7		Assurance Roles
8		Resourcing
NE	W	Profession Standards
9		Buyer's Right to Accelerate, Pause or Cancel Delivery (Partially or in Total)
10		Agile Ways of Working
11		Measures, OLAs, SLAs, KPIs, etc
NE		Technical Standards
NE		Data Standards
NE		Data Quality / Pipeline Standards
NE		Cyber Security / Data Protection Standards
NE'		Development & Governance Lifecycle
NE		Early Life Support Contract Management
NE	••	

Digital, Data & Technology

NFW

User Centred Design

The purpose of the DSA Processes and Standards Manual is to provide a high level reference for the standards, by profession, against which the service will be assured

Currently on version 2.0 the manual is being updated to version 3.0 to reflect latest developments

Suppliers will be encouraged to provide feedback.

## DSA Statement of Work Template

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Provided for information, the Statement of Work template refers to the Processes and Standards manual (providing an opportunity to make exceptions where necessary).

Digital, Data & Technology

## DDaT Roles, Data Skills & Rates

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Digital, Data

Provided to familiarise the market with the updated Gov DDaT Roles and as a means to collect updated rates for each role.

## Sub-Contractor Details Template

Number	Name (registered name if registered)	Office address (registered address if registered	DUNS number (of head office if applicable)	ISME?	Is the Supplier registered and approved by CCS as a formal part your supply chain at the Framework level?	Role the key subcontractor will play in	subcontractor's	If you are you relying on this key subcontractor to meet the selection criteria have you submitted to CCS the information and declaration workbook completed by the key subcontractor or their SPD (Single Procurement Document)? (to question 1.12.3)
1								

Form to be updated, but, as noted above, if not already a sub-contractor, at time of response to the tender, there should be formal written commitment from the sub-contractor to become one under the applicable terms of the framework contract.

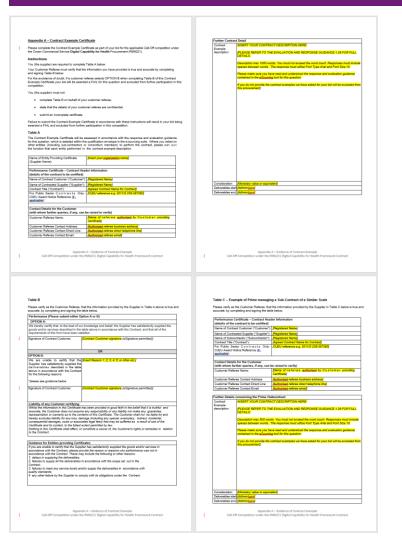
There is an obligation on the bidding supplier to ensure that the equivalent of the CCS Information and Declaration form (providing more detail) has also been completed.

Digital. Data

& Technology

Requested Data	Response
Number	1
Name	
(registered name if registered)	
Office address	
(registered address if registered)	
Registration number	
(if applicable)	
DUNS number	
(of head office if applicable)	
VAT number	
SME?	
Is the Supplier registered and approved by	
CCS as a formal part your supply chain at	
the Framework level?	
Role the key subcontractor will play in the	
delivery	
Approximate Key subcontractor's	
% share of the total contract value	
Are you relying on this key subcontractor	
to meet Must Have evaluation criteria?	
If you are you relying on this key	If not, the subcontractor should complete an
subcontractor have you previously	equivalent form
submitted to CCS the information and	
declaration workbook completed by the	
key subcontractor or their SPD (Single	
Procurement Document)?	

## Case Study Materials Template



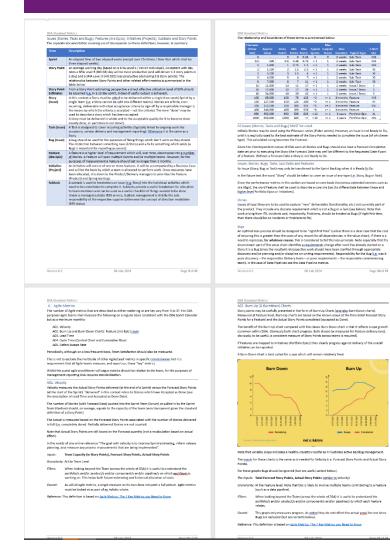
Ignore the detail (an old CCS form).

However, since it is intended the case study represents a significant part of the evaluation scoring, hence releasing early.

Note: We will also release case study guidance



## **Details on Metrics (DRAFT)**



Consistent with the rule of not having more than one issue per team, if multiple parties require to mail bug fings then separate Bugs needs to be raised for each of them. Only when all the Bugs related to the respective Fatture have been dowed will be fracture be deemed to have been completed. Clearly the use of Lead Times should also apply to bugs. i.e. the Lead Time for a Bug is the time from when the Bug is first raised to it having been accepted as resolved. Distinguishing between Stories and Bugs is important as a means to understand and deal with waste Table bace fype Tesks should be used for recurring activities which are not easy to relate to a specific delivers [Bang/ or Bag, Takis should be used to aptive things like organize assumence, non-specific architecturing exclusioner, compare organizes associated and extensions. Back Should be used hype, the exclusioner other for Takis includ be measured is meeting agreed anxies Lovelli (LLA) and the used hype, the exclusion of tack agreement (DLA) which controls that to # SLA. There are nonsensitive "Kasis Laudie of the tack agreement (DLA) which controls that to # SLA. There are nonsensitive "Kasis Laudie of the tack agreement (DLA) which controls that the tack agreement (DLA) and the order tack agreement (DLA) which controls that the SLA. There are nonsensitive "Kasis Laudie of the tack agreement (DLA) which controls that the SLA. There are nonsensitive "Kasis Laudie of the tack agreement (DLA) which controls that the SLA. There are nonsensitive "Kasis Laudie of the tack agreement (DLA) which controls that the SLA. There are taken the state of the tack agreement (DLA) which controls that the SLA. There are the state (DLA) are the state that the tack agreement (DLA) which controls that the SLA. 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Recurring asks in particular lend themselves to templates as do, potentially, incidents (e.g. a combination of template ug plus standard Sub-Tasks could be a way of handling Run-Books). n general, whiist tracking the status of Sub-Tasks may be a useful agenda item for Daily Star provide a useful check-like for Issue Completion, the managem the leader of the Team (usually a Delivery Manager). In coder\_to individual Supplier team performance to be measured a Story must be carried out by a single Team (and be sized to fit within a sprint). As noted above, sub-tasks should be reserved for individual team member activities (and not for responsibilities spanning multiple teams). THIS IS A CHANGE to what was previously permitted under Portfolio Epics. Metalata A la a complex environment constainty of nulltiple, often interdepardent, Tarms working on a hierarchy of Components, Products and Planlens shich, combined, deline a Sterice funded by a Partfolio. Torus management programs (Etal ki bight) and assign enrimmants from and of those paragrades: E.g. If a Compared fails, which Products, Pupelines, Service and Portfolio Sdess tit myock. Towards USA meeting (2) adjugators to a Service shich a context shich moless of gatzgradess of shich hards. To be truly useful any MI solution should be able to be aggregated and/or filtered by this metadata Jira allows for user generated <u>pick-lists</u> which is a much better solution, given less freeform options, than using Jira labels. See the Appendices for examples of this Meteolate. 08 July 2024 Page 11 of 41 Another way of presenting the data, which combines Brun Down and Burn Up into a single view is as Lead Time measures the time to get to the point of starting work on a Feature and/or Story (the time from then onwards to the point of acceptance (done) being the Cycle Time). or gl(of the agile metrics documented herein there are important dates which are important, both at esture and Story level. These dates are also used for Cycle Time calculation: Ack enges Definition Important at the Feature level, less so at the Story level, this is the date when a Feature is first created and added to the Product Backlog It is less important for a Story because Stories are likely to be created long before the e species his is the important date with ppgrod to Story Lead Time within the DSA context. Th sources the Story is part of a value chain (e.g., Data Pipeline) which has dependenci in previous Stories (often by other Teams). The Declared Ready Date is the date that In previous success provide by other hearing, the operation results due to the use the last dependency declares it believes it is ready (Declared Done Date) if there are no dependencies, the First Raised Date should be used as the Dec Ready Date (with any refinement done by the responsible Team part of the La Accepted Ready will need to Accept that the Story is Beady to Do. The receiving theorem any identify Bo which need to be fixed prior to being Ready to Do. The neceiving theorem any identify Bo which need to be fixed prior to being Ready to Do. It is also net uncommon for Team or define Arrestment and the How how a neuron to Team. There are also potentially an additional line to the classic Burn-Up graph: Cumulative Forecast Story Points. This becomes a different (combined) view on <u>vielacity</u>. he date when work actually starts on a Story or Bug (regardless of whether Kanban ure Leed Time it is the date work actually starts on the first Story within the Due should be identified separately to the core work (in line with the <u>zero Indext</u> principle) but should still be induced as part of Fosture delivery either as a separate identical graph but including Bugs or, more usefully, by superimposing Bug delixe on the basic chart: retore. The date on which the responsible Hean declares, to the best of it's knowledge, then it believes it is Done. The acceptance process may identify flugs and/or may be delated, which generate that Rary (or Rug) has been accepted as Done. If there is a dependent Unitories Stary (in Dane Date will leave in the Accepted Ravb, Date Bearry in may beliaves). Note Tevenest Nerv & Dog Private. Insider than assuming the deal Zero Defect) model in its possible to have a tokenome to cover hegy. 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 Counsider Antal Stery & Jung Points. This provides a goog for understanding the costs associated with Seq. (Forg. tream Story may have multiple dependencies, all of which must be Done of Baady Date to be well.

The Enterprise Architecture work underway to understand linkages between components, products, etc. will be useful in the future. Service Level Metrics, and how Performance Indicators feed into them, are covered under a separate section at the back of this document. Intent to Convert to Trave Rand Graphs Alg the matrix clucial in this accountent and themselves to graphical presentation over time. Such a presentation below identify there with which can be acted on if negative and recognized if positive. Pairable such traves will be reported on a 1 movie multipublic illuments if its derived during the <u>Deputy</u> and dashboards be available for anyone to view performance on a "Ive" basis at any point in them. ecause they are usually done on a less frequent - typically quarterly - basis (continued on next page)

of Ready Date to be met). which all Stories (and Bugs) associated with a Feature have been ac 3 the Feature can be signed off as being complete.

(of first Story i

An update to an existing document which will describe proposals on metrics in detail.

This will include linkage to the balanced scorecard, gainshare and what is needed to be captured

We are looking for feedback on all of these.

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# Procurement and next steps

## **Procurement Approach**

Route to market: The route to market is expected to be a Further Competition under the Crown Commercial Services Digital Specialists and Programmes Framework (RM6263) Lot 1 – Digital Programmes.

Non-framework suppliers will have the opportunity to approach and team ("Buddy") up with suppliers who are currently on the framework.

**Contract Type:** Call-Off Contract from the CCS Digital Specialists and Programmes Framework

**Contract Term:** four (4) years with the option to extend by a further (1) year as allowable under the CCS Framework

Number of Suppliers to Contract with: One (1) Prime but with a Supply Chain of Suppliers under it

Indicative Value of Contract – up to a maximum of £250,000,000 (\*TBC) over the maximum 5 (4+1) year term.

**Location:** Various – Remote Working allowable.

**Evaluation Criteria:** Most Economically Advantageous Tender (MEAT) basis, not lowest cost. Digital, Data & Technology

## Procurement Approach

Phase 1 – Pre-Procurement	Phase 2 - Procurement	Phase 3 – Contract Management
Early Market Engagement – Briefing / Awareness / Q&A	Tender Issuance	Contract commencement
Buddying – HO Commercial will facilitate a "Buddying up" opportunity	Bid Evaluation – MEAT criteria as specified (SME's Evaluating relevant sections of bids). Presentations / Meetings as determined in tender.	Relationship building
Early Market Engagement Questionnaire (Supplier detail/ Response to approach/ focus on key evaluation aspects)	Bid Clarifications	On-boarding / Knowledge transfer
Phased Sharing of key Tender related documents prior to tender issuance.	Bid Moderation	Statement of Work issued as formal work commitment.
Market Engagement Session – No.2 – Feedback on Tender documents and update from HO on procurement approach / timelines)	Award / Contract Signed	Formal Contract Management – Performance reviews against KPI's / Balanced Scorecard etc
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## Next Steps

### **Supplier Questionnaire**

Suppliers are requested to complete a Questionnaire in relation to the information presented today;

We want to know;

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- Your views and opinions of the information shared today with specific reference to the scope and evaluation approach.
- What you perceive to be the key risks / issues / challenges that we need to address in advance of tender issuance.
- Any other information of note (e.g. Internal / External factors)

The information will be used to inform the procurement strategy and tender documents.

- Send the completed questionnaire to dsalicencescommercialteam@homeoffice.gov.uk\_by Monday 15<sup>th</sup> July – 5pm

## Next Steps

### "Buddying up"

The Home Office is encouraging suppliers to "buddy up" as part of this process and are offering to act as an initial conduit for this to happen. This will obviously not stop suppliers from entering their own arrangements outside of this process.

Suppliers who are interested in the possibility of "buddying up" with other suppliers are requested to provide the following information to the Home Office to allow this to happen.

Name:

Title:

Company:

Email:

Tel:

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Area of expertise:

Suppliers should be aware that this information will be shared with all suppliers who have expressed an interest in "buddying" up.

Suppliers should provide their details to <u>dsalicencescommercialteam@homeoffice.gov.uk</u>. Closing date 25<sup>th</sup> August 2024.

## Procurement Timeline – Indicative

Pre-Procurement Stage									
Activity	Date	Comment							
Contracts Finder Notice Published	21 <sup>st</sup> June 2024								
Early Market Engagement Event (Remote) – No.1	8 <sup>th</sup> July 2024	Today's event / Buddying up opportunity							
<ul> <li>Start issuing tender related documents to suppliers for review / comment</li> </ul>	W/C 8 <sup>th</sup> July 2024	Open until Market engagement event (No.2)							
Early Market Engagement Questionnaire issued	W/C 8 <sup>th</sup> July 2024	Issued to all attendees and any other suppliers that request it.							
Early Market Engagement Questionnaire returned	15 <sup>th</sup> July 2024 – 5 pm	Return via email to address detailed							
Market Engagement Event (No.2)	W/C 12 August 2024 – TBC	Supplier feedback and HO update							
"Buddying up" initiative closes	25 <sup>th</sup> August 2024								
Procurement Stage									
Activity	Date	Comment							
Procurement Strategy Governance	August 2024	Inc. HO / CO / Ministerial Approval							
Target Further Competition date (Tender issued)	W/C 9 <sup>th</sup> September 2024								
Tender return date	W/E 11 <sup>th</sup> October 2024	c. 5 weeks							
Evaluation Period	W/C 14 <sup>th</sup> October 2024 – W/E 15 <sup>th</sup> November 2024	c. 4 weeks							
Award Governance	W/C 2 <sup>nd</sup> December 2024 – W/E 28 <sup>th</sup> February 2025	Inc. HO / CO / Ministerial Approval							
Award Notification: Issue Award Notification letters and observe Standstill period (10 days)	W/C 3 <sup>rd</sup> March 2025 – W/C 17 <sup>th</sup> March 2025								
Complete contract drafting and sign	W/C 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025								
Contract Management									
Activity	Date	Comment							
Contract Start date	W/C 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025 – 30 <sup>th</sup> March 2029	4 years + 1 year extension option							
* Note: All dates are subject to change									



# **Questions and Answers**

## Thank-You



## Useful Links

https://sfia-online.org/en/sfia-8/sfia-views/full-framework-view/development-and-implementation/data-solutions

https://ddat-capability-framework.service.gov.uk/

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/home-office-digital-data-and-technology-strategy-2024/home-office-digital-data-and-technology-strategy-2024.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/data-ethics-framework

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policy-note-0620-taking-account-of-social-value-in-theaward-of-central-government-contracts)

